

Methodological approaches to the creation of recipes for specialized food products for patients with diabetes mellitus based on experience domestic traditional medicine V.A. Tutelyan, T.L. Kiseleva, A.A. Kochetkova, M.A. Kiseleva

(FGBNU "Research Institute of Nutrition", Moscow)

Methodological approaches to the development of specialized food products for diabetic patients, based on the native traditional medicine experience VA Tutelyan, TL Kiseleva, AA Kochetkova, MA Kiseleva
Institute of Nutrition (Moscow, Russia)

RESUME

According to WHO reports, worldwide experience of Traditional medicine (TM) has been successfully applied to the development of modern standardized herbal medicines. Researchers are guided mainly by local sources of medicinal plants and traditional medical systems. TM experience is also used in search of plants considered as food ingredients and biologically active substances (BAS) sources for modern herbal drugs.

The steady increase in the incidence of type 2 diabetes, makes clear the need for research of domestic plant sources of BAS (with a proven carbohydrate metabolism effect) to create a modern specialized foods. This review proves the feasibility of using TM experience of Russia and neighboring European countries (Belarus, Ukraine) to develop optimized compositions for specialized food products.

For reliable selection of the most promising plants we offer to study at least 500 traditional antidiabetic herbal formulations of at least 50 traditional recipe directories of Russia, Belarus and Ukraine.

Keywords: food ingredients, type 2 diabetes mellitus, specialized food products, traditional medicine, traditional anti-diabetic recipes.

SUMMARY

According to the WHO, all over the world the experience of traditional medicine (TM) is successfully applied for the development of modern standardized herbal medicines. In doing so, developers focus primarily on local sources of medicinal plants and local traditional medical systems and schools. The TM experience is also used to search for plants as promising sources of food ingredients and biologically active substances (BAS) for modern herbal medicines.

In connection with the steady increase in the incidence of type 2 diabetes, the relevance of research on the search for promising domestic plant sources of biologically active substances (with a proven effect on carbohydrate metabolism) for the creation of modern specialized food products is obvious. This review substantiates the expediency of using the experience of TM of Russia and neighboring European states (Belarus, Ukraine) for the development of modern domestic specialized food products with an optimized composition. To reliably identify the most promising plants, we propose to study at least 500 traditional herbal antidiabetic

recipes from no less than 50 traditional recipe directories of Russia, Belarus and Ukraine.

Key words: food ingredients, diabetes mellitus 2 types; specialized food products; traditional medicine; traditional antidiabetic formulations.

Diabetes mellitus (DM) is the most important medical, social and economic problem caused by the steady increase in the prevalence of the disease, the development of severe disabling complications, the need for specialized medical care [26, 27]. Despite the high quality of drugs used in the treatment of diabetes, the development of new technologies for its treatment, the creation of an effective system of diabetological services, the level of disability and mortality of patients does not significantly decrease [26]. The Global Diabetes Plan 2011–2021, adopted by the International Diabetes Federation in Brussels, highlights the importance of nutrition in the prevention of food-borne diseases, including diabetes, and the prevention of diabetes can prevent the development of other noncommunicable diseases [18].

To date, the experience of domestic traditional medicine (TM) in the prevention and treatment of diabetes, as well as in the traditional features of eating behavior, is not systematized and is practically not used in the development of modern food products, including specialized food products (SPP) for patients with diabetes.

The purpose of this information and analytical study: to justify expediency and propose methodological approaches to using the experience of domestic TM in the development of formulations of SPP optimized composition for patients with type 2 diabetes.

Methodology. When performing the work, the following methods were used research: information and analytical, historical, content analysis, systematization.

The objects of the study were available bibliographic sources of a high degree of reliability: official WHO documents, laws and regulations of the Russian Federation, regulatory documents and methodological materials of the Ministry of Health of Russia and Roszdravnadzor, monographs, reference publications, reviews, domestic and foreign scientific periodicals, including those available on official websites RSCI and PubMed.

TM experience in the search for promising sources of biologically active substances for modern herbal preparations.

The official recognition of the growing role of medicinal plants (HR) in the health care of most developed countries of the world is facilitated by high requirements for the quality, safety and efficacy of medicinal plant raw materials and standardized preparations from it, as well as WHO assistance in preparing the legislative framework in this area [45, 95, 130 -133]. The European herbal market is growing rapidly, and European consumers,

for example, in France, Germany, Italy, Sweden, Switzerland and the UK, they are already routinely used as an adjunct to conventional medicine [133]. In Russia, the corresponding segment of the drug market is still behaving inconsistently [3, 4], however, global trends are beginning to manifest themselves in our country [30].

According to the WHO, the basis of the nomenclature of official herbal preparations in many cases are traditional remedies [16, 45, 95, 109, 111, 128], and the developers of modern standardized herbal preparations all over the world are turning to the experience of TM, including with the purpose of searching promising biologically active substances (BAS) of natural origin as part of traditional formulations [16, 45, 107, 115, 119, 121, 124, 128]. For example, the results of 10-year studies of the so-called "antidiabetic plants" from various ethnomedical sources have been published, which made it possible to identify the most promising botanical families and genera for diabetology [102]. More than 1200 plants from Ayurvedic and other ethnomedical treatises used in TM for treating DM have been subjected to modern screening [129].

In phytopharmacy of many countries of Europe and Asia, today one of the main principles of TM is still actively used - the "area principle", or "to treat the area" - that is, to use local raw plant resources that have maximum affinity for the body of local residents [38, 45, 128]. The course towards import substitution is also being implemented in our country, especially since 2014 [36].

In 2000, for the first time in Russia, we formulated the main methodological provisions and compiled scientifically based algorithms for using the experience of domestic TM for the development of effective and safe medicines of natural origin [39], which have found their practical implementation in modern medicines and regulatory documents [19, 20, 40, 74-77, 81, 82, 95].

Prospects for the use of TM experience for the development of specialized food products with optimized composition Modern food products must not only satisfy the physiological needs of the body for nutrients and energy, but also perform preventive and therapeutic tasks to restore and normalize metabolic processes in the body. Therefore, the most important role of SPP with a given chemical composition for the prevention of the most common alimentary-dependent diseases and their use in the nutrition of patients is obvious [18, 89].

Almost all traditional medical schools and systems of the world proceed from the assumption that food carries not only nutritional, but also medicinal value, being sometimes the main or even the main medicine [42, 44, 56-58, 68, 83, 91]. To this day, these positions are used to build their theoretical foundations and therapeutic

tactics of traditional Chinese medicine (TCM) [58, 67, 83, 84, 91, 103, 104], Tibetan medicine [7, 54, 79, 94, 98], Ayurveda [6, 56, 57, 86, 116], Unani [122], Japanese TM Kampo [32, 50, 52, 53, 101] and even some traditional European schools based on national traditions [28] and the works of Hippocrates: the means must be food substances ... ", " ... only the treatment that is based on diet can be effective "[21]. Food plants familiar to us are considered medicinal in a number of countries and are included in the national State Pharmacopoeias [45].

According to modern concepts, biologically active substances of food plants, like LR, have a pronounced physiological effect on the body [8, 10–13, 43, 61, 69, 87–89] not only in fresh and dried plants, but also in the products of their purposeful processing [8, 11-13, 18, 22, 73, 88, 97]. There are even known attempts to use nutraceuticals as a method of psychocorrection [65]. In HM for food plants, the “area principle” and national traditions of food compatibility are taken into account even more than in LR [11, 12, 17, 42, 57, 58, 79, 84]. Therefore, local food and drug products can, first of all, be considered as promising sources of micronutrients for SPP with optimized composition, and their biologically active substances - as promising ingredients for this class of products.

Feasibility of using TM experience for development specialized food products with modified carbohydrate profile for patients with type 2 diabetes

With the current worldwide threatening situation with a high prevalence of diabetes, a steady increase in the number of patients and the development of severe disabling complications of this disease [25–27], SPPs of an optimized composition for patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus are of particular relevance [18, 90].

Practically in all traditional medical schools an important place is given to food and medicinal herbal products used for diabetes or for its prevention [6, 7, 9, 11, 41, 46, 57, 58, 67, 92, 101, 103, 104, 110]. To date, the effectiveness and safety of food and drug drugs in the treatment and prevention of diabetes mellitus and impaired glucose tolerance of various origins is beyond doubt [33, 107, 108, 118, 124, 125]. For more than 200 plants, this has been confirmed experimentally and clinically [10, 11, 51, 78, 102, 107, 118, 124].

In the development of modern antidiabetic herbal medicines based on the experience of TM, the “area principle” is actively used [120, 121, 124, 126, 127, 108, 129]. At the same time, regardless of the country of origin, well-known spices, for example, cinnamon [105, 114, 117], as well as green tea [90, 100, 2008, 112, 113, 123] are often used all over the world as antidiabetic agents.

The expediency of searching for promising domestic sources of biologically active substances with a proven effect on carbohydrate metabolism for the development of modern herbal preparations and SPP is obvious. There are separate experimental and clinical studies confirming the effectiveness, safety and

traditions of using food and drug products in Russia and neighboring European countries (Belarus, Ukraine) in the treatment of diabetes mellitus [1, 2, 5, 31, 35, 37, 48, 61, 66, 99]. There have even been attempts to generalize disparate and heterogeneous materials in the form of monographs [78], textbooks [29, 62] and popular science publications [14, 33, 70-71].

However, the results of studying the experience of folk and TM of Russia, Belarus and Ukraine on the use of multicomponent herbal hypoglycemic agents (with the analysis of statistically significant amounts of traditional formulations) were not found in bibliographic sources. Neither information-analytical nor targeted medico-pharmaceutical research in terms of using the experience of domestic TM for the treatment of diabetes was carried out. There is scattered information about the use of certain medicinal plants and preparations for the treatment of diabetes in domestic folk medicine, in Belarus, in Ukraine [15, 23, 24, 34, 47, 49, 55, 59, 63, 64, 72, 85, 92, 93, 96], which in no way correlate with the publication of the results of experimental and clinical studies.

Since the world medico-pharmaceutical science and practice have a positive experience of using the traditional medical heritage of different countries for the development of modern medicines of natural origin and food products [9, 16, 106, 109, 111, 128, 132], we would consider it expedient to apply the developed and the model of scientifically substantiated use of the experience of domestic TM [39], introduced earlier for herbal medicinal products, to create an SPP with a modified carbohydrate profile for patients with type 2 diabetes.

To do this, it is necessary to conduct a targeted study of at least 500 traditional antidiabetic formulations of Russia and neighboring states (Belarus, Ukraine), which have common cultural and historical roots. As a result of an information and analytical study of at least 50 prescription bibliographic sources, the most popular medicinal and food plants traditionally used for the treatment of diabetes were identified and the active groups of biologically active substances were identified. At the final stage, phytochemically, technologically, experimentally and clinically, to assess the prospects of their use as ingredients for SPP with a modified carbohydrate profile for patients with type 2 diabetes.

According to modern concepts, the priorities in the development of such products, in particular, include: ensuring favorable metabolic effects of functional ingredients included in their composition, satisfying the patient's physiological need for food and biologically active substances, as well as solving a number of special technological issues [90].

An innovative approach to creating new generations specialized products for the diet therapy of type 2 diabetes could be the purposeful use of plant minor biologically active substances (phytonutrients) isolated from the most popular traditional food and medicinal plants with proven types of action: hypoglycemic, hypolipidemic and hypocholesterolemic, antioxidant and

antihypoxic. To date, there are adequate experimental models of type 2 diabetes, which reproduce biochemical and morphological disorders in the rat organism, characteristic of this disease [60], with the help of which it is possible to evaluate the results of studying the TM experience. A methodology for training experts (testers) to determine the sensory quality and acceptability of developed specialized products has also been proposed [80].

Thus, in connection with the continuing steady increase in the incidence of type 2 diabetes, the relevance of research on the search for promising domestic plant sources of biologically active substances (with a proven effect on carbohydrate metabolism) for the creation of modern SPP with an optimized composition is obvious. To develop formulations of food products with a modified carbohydrate profile for patients with type 2 diabetes, it is advisable to apply the previously developed methodological approaches to the scientifically substantiated use of the experience of TM of Russia for the development of standardized import-substituting herbal medicines”.

This work was supported by the Russian Science Foundation (Grant No. 14-36-00041).

conclusions

1. The expediency of studying and applying the experience of domestic TM for the development of recipes for specialized food products with an optimized composition.
2. A methodology for studying and further practical using the experience of TM of Russia and neighboring European countries with similar cultural and medical traditions (Belarus, Ukraine) for the development of recipes for specialized food products with a modified carbohydrate profile for patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus.

Literature

1. Abdulaeva, B.I. The study of some indicators of metabolic processes under by the action of medicinal plants against the background of hyperglycemia / Abstract of the diss. for the degree of candidate of medical sciences (03.00.04), Stavropol, 1997. - 20 p. Available: electronic resource <http://earthpapers.net/izuchenie-nekotoryhpokazateley-obmennyh-protsesov-pod-deystviem-lekarstvennyh-rasteniy-na-fonegiperglikemii#ixzz3Zd6SjLwh>
2. Azhunova T.A., Markizov P.V. Antidiabetic activity of galega medicinal // Chem.-Pharm. magazine. - 1994. - T. 28. - No. 6. - pp. 35–36.
3. Afanasyeva T.G., Dremova N.B., Kiseleva T.L. Dynamics of the main indicators of the domestic market of official herbal preparations in the first decade of the XXI century // Traditional medicine. - 2013. - No. 3 (34). - P.28–36.
4. Afanasyeva T.G., Dremova N.B., Kiseleva T.L. Situational analysis segment of the domestic market of herbal medicines in 2013 // Traditional medicine. - 2013. - No. 4. - P.33–37.
5. Ashaeva L.A., Alkhanova N.A., Ladygina E.Ya., Artemova N.P., Kurshakova

L.N., Anchikova L.I. Sugar-reducing properties of infusion of linden flowers // Pharmacy. - 1985. - T. 34. - No. 3. - P. 57-60.

6. Ayurveda: A Guide to Practical Methods / Under total. ed. IN AND. Borodin. - Minsk: Vida-N, 2000. -- 320 p.

7. Badmaev P.A. Herbal medicine: Tibetan medicine "Chzhud-shi". - Mn.: Harvest, 2000. -- 400 p.

8. Baranovskiy A.Yu., Nazarenko L.I. Dietetics mistakes (solving difficult problems in the diet of a healthy and sick person). - SPb: LLC "Publishing House SPbMAPO", 2011. - 736 p.

9. Batorova S.M., Yakovlev G.P., Aseeva T.A. Directory of medicinal plants of traditional Tibetan medicine. - Novosibirsk: Nauka, 2013. -- 292 p.

10. Biologically active substances of plant origin / B.N. Golovkin, R.N. Rudenskaya, I.A. Trofimova, A.I. Schreter; otv. ed. V.F. Semikhov. - In 3 vols. - M.: Nauka, 2001.

11. Blinkov I.L. Algorithm for the use of food plants in medicinal purposes // In the book: Medicinal properties of food plants. - M.: Publishing house of FNCETsTMDL Roszdrav, 2007. - S. 80-101. - ISBN 5-93854-044-5.

12. Blinkov I.L. Biological bases of clinical and pharmacological regulation of adaptive reactions of life. - M.: Pulse, 2007. -- 608 p.

13. Blinkov I.L., Starodubov A.K., Suleimanov S.Sh., Shikh E.V. Microelements (Brief Clinical Encyclopedia). - Khabarovsk: Publisher. center IPKSZ, 2004. -- 210 p.

14. Blinov V.A. Medicinal plants for diabetes. - M.: JSC Publishing house "Raduga", 2002. - 64 p.

15. God's Healer: A Guide to Medicinal Herbs and Plants / Priest Alexander Zhukov. - M.: LLC "OBRAZ", 2008. - 572 p.

16. Bock G.E. (Bock HE) Herbal medicine and its medical significance // Phytotherapeutisch Welt. - Frankfurt am Main: Pmi-pharm. Medical inform. Verlags-GmbH, 1981. - S. 6-22 (Translated from German. All-Union center for translations of scientific and technical literature and documentation. Kiev edition (KRVTSPP)), 1990.

17. Verzilin N. In the footsteps of Robinson. - L.: Publishing House of Children's Literature, 1964. - 576 p.

18. Vorobyeva V.M., Vorobieva I.S., Kochetkova A.A., Sharafetdinov Kh.Kh., Zorina E.E. Modification of the carbohydrate composition of confectionery products for patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus // Questions of nutrition. - 2014. - T. 83. - No. 6. - P.66-73.

19. VFS 42-2406-94. Elixir Demidovsky.

20. Hepatoprotective agent of natural origin: A.S. 2114626 RF, MKI A 61 K 35/12 // Kukes V.G., Kiseleva T.L., Frolova L.N., Kolkhir V.K. (RF). - 10 p.

21. Hippocrates. Compositions. / Per. IN AND. Rudnev, comm. V.P. Karpov. - Book 1. Selected books. - M.: Biomedgiz, 1936. - 736 p.; Book. 2. - M.: Medgiz. 1944. -- 512 p.; Book. 3. - M.: Medgiz. 1941. -- 364 s.

22. Gichev Yu.Yu., Gichev Yu.P. New Guidelines for Micronutrientology (biologically active additives to food and human health). - M.: "Triada-X",

herbal medicine in the treatment of cardiovascular diseases; Ed. T.L. Kiseleva, A.A. Karpeeva. - M.: Mosgorpechat, 1997. - Vol. 1. - P.95-106.

39. Kiseleva T.L. Development of methodological approaches to creating medicines of natural origin based on the experience of traditional medicine in Russia. - Abstract dissertation. doctor farm. sciences. - SPb, 2000. -- 44 p.

40. Kiseleva T.L., Chauzova A.V., Karpeev A.A. Development of an action algorithm on the preparation of fees based on the experience of traditional medicine in Russia // Pharmacy. - 2000. - No. 2. - pp. 15-18.

41. Kiseleva T.L., Karpeev A.A., Smirnova Yu.A., Amalitsky V.V., Safonov V.P., Tsvetaeva E.V., Blinkov I.L., Kogan L.I., Chepkov V.N., Dronova M.A. Food plants as medicinal products in folk, traditional and modern medical practice // Under total. ed. prof. T.L. Kiseleva. - M.: Publishing house of FNECT TMDL Roszdrav, 2007. - pp. 103-484. - ISBN 5-93854-044-5

42. Kiseleva T.L., Karpeev A.A., Smirnova Yu.A., Amalitsky V.V., Safonov V.P., Tsvetaeva E.V., Blinkov I.L., Kogan L.I., Chepkov V.N., Dronova M.A. Medicinal properties of food plants / Under total. ed. prof. T.L. Kiseleva. - M.: Publishing house of FNCEC TMDL Roszdrav, 2007. -- 533 p. - ISBN 5-93854-044-5

43. Kiseleva T.L., Smirnova Yu.A. The main groups of biologically active compounds of food plants // In the book: Medicinal properties of food plants. - M.: Publishing house of FNCETsTMDL Roszdrav, 2007. - P.69-77. - ISBN 5-93854-044-5

44. Kiseleva T.L., Chepkov V.N., Dronova M.A. The principles of diet therapy in traditional medical systems of the world and in modern medical practice // In the book: Healing properties of food plants. - M.: Publishing house of FNCETsTMDL Roszdrav, 2007. - P.9-56. - ISBN 5-93854-044-5

45. Kiseleva T.L., Smirnova Yu.A. Medicinal plants in the world medical practice: state regulation of the range and quality. - M.: Publishing house of the Professional Association of Naturotherapists, 2009. - 295 p.

46. Kiseleva T.L., Smirnova Yu.A., Blinkov I.L., Dronova M.A., Tsvetaeva E.V. A Brief Encyclopedia of Modern Phytotherapy with the Basics of Homeopathy: A Practical Doctor's Handbook // Ed. T.L. Kiseleva. - M.: Publishing house of the Professional Association of Naturotherapists, 2010. - 592 p.

47. Konstantinov A.A. Home health book of the Far East: Collection useful tips and recipes for traditional medicine. - Khabarovsk: Publishing house "RIOTIP", 1995. - 240 p.

48. Korpachev V.V., Khovaka V.V., Sereda O.V. Dosligennya sucrosejugal activity of toxicity of alkaloids in likarsky goat's rue // Phytotherapy (Ministry of Health of Ukraine). - 2004. - No. 2. - P.43-46.

49. V. N. Kortikov, A. V. Kortikov. Directory of traditional medicine. - Rostov n / don: Book. publishing house "Phoenix", 1996. - 672 p.

50. Kruchina E.N. Japan. Gastronomic Symphony. - Publisher BBPG, 2007. -- 208 p.

51. Krylov A.A., Marchenko V.A., Maksyutina N.P., Mamchur F.I. Phytotherapy in the complex treatment of diseases of internal organs. - Kiev: Publishing House "Health", 1991. - 240 p.

52. Kushi M., Kushi A. Physical, mental and spiritual health through

food: lane. with fr. - Obninsk: PKPO "Spiritual Revival", 1994. - 143 p.

53. Kushi M., Kushi A. How to eat properly: From the position of the eastern medicine / Per. with fr. - M.: Letavr, 1995. -- 162 p.

54. Kushnirenko E.Yu. Two Flowers on the Tree of Medicine: Indo-Tibetan Teaching medicine about health and longevity. - Moscow-Voronezh: IG "Golden Section", NPO "MODEK", 1999. - 480 p.

55. Camp A.A. Herbalist Siberian healer. - M.: RIPOL CLASSIC, 2002. -- 480 p.

56. Lad V., Frawley D. Herbs and spices: trans. from English - M.: Sattva, 2000. -- 304 p.

57. Lad V., Lad U. Ayurvedic cookery: trans. from English - M.: Sattva, OOO "Profile", 2008. - 320 p.

58. Lazarenko V.G. Dietetics and Diet Therapy in Traditional Chinese medicine: History and modernity: monograph. - Izhevsk: Izhevsk State Technical University, 2009. -- 256 p.

59. Maznev, N.I. Traditional methods of treating diseases. Ed. 3rd, corrected. and add. - M.: JSC "Century", 1996. - 560 p.

60. Mazo V.K., Murashev A.N., Sidorova Yu.S., Zorin S.N., Kochetkova A.A. Genetic models of type 2 diabetes mellitus in rats to assess the effectiveness of minor biologically active food substances / V.K. Mazo, // Nutrition issues. - 2014. - Volume 83. - No. 6. - pp. 25–31.

61. Maltsev G.Yu., XX Sharafetdinov Kh.Kh., Meshcheryakova V.A. [and etc.] The effect of a diet enriched with selenium on the activity of lipid peroxidation in patients with type 2 diabetes // Questions of nutrition. - 2003. - No. 1. - pp. 14–17.

62. Matkovskaya A.N., Trumpe T.E., Sokolov S.Ya. Herbal medicine in a complex treatment of diabetes mellitus: Lecture // TSOLIUV, 1988. - 22 p.

63. Makhov A.A. Green Pharmacy: Medicinal plants of the Krasnoyarsk Territory. Ed. 2nd, rev. and add. - Krasnoyarsk: Book. publishing house, 1980. -- 320 p.

64. V.P. Makhlayuk Medicinal plants in folk medicine. - M.: Niva Russia, 1992. -- 477 p.

65. Mayrose G. Nutraceuticals as a method of psychocorrection. - M.: Profit Style, 2009. -- 256 p.

66. V.E. Morozova, L.M. Makarova, V.E. Pogorely. [and others] Study hypoglycemic and glucosuric activity of infusions of axillary bilberry, hairy bilberry and blueberry // Far Eastern medical journal. - 2005. - No. 1. - P.67–70.

67. Started by V.G. Treatment of diseases in traditional Chinese medicine. - Novosibirsk: Publishing house "Lee West", 2009. - 584 p.

68. Unnecessary for the ignorant / Amirdovlat Amasiatsi; per. from Armenian and comment by S.A. Vardanyan; series "Scientific heritage" (T. 13). - M.: Nauka, 1990. - 880 p.

69. A.P. Nechaev Food chemistry. - 4th ed. - SPb: GIORD, 2007. -- 640 p.

70. Nikolaychuk, L.V. Sugar-lowering plants. - Minsk: Urajay, 1989. - 191 s.

71. Nikolaychuk LV Treatment of diabetes mellitus with plants. - Minsk:

Modern Word, 1997 .-- 256 p.

72. Nosal M. A., Nosal I. M. Medicinal plants and their methods application among the people / Ed. acad. V.G. Drobotko. - Kiev: State Medical Publishing House of the Ukrainian SSR, 1959 .-- 255 p.

73. Pilat T.L., Kuzmina L.P., Izmerova N.I. Detox Food / Ed. T.L. Pilate. - M.: GEOTAR-Media, 2012 .-- 688 p.

74. Collecting sobering "Trezlevton": A. s. 2129008 RF, MKI3 6 A 61 K 35/78 // V.G. Kukes, T.L. Kiseleva, A.V. Chauzova and others (RF). - 9 p.: ill.

75. Collection of medicinal plants "Fitomorozko", which has frigoprotective action: Priority from 30.11.2006, reg. No. 2006/142403. Patent for invention No. 2336896 from 27.10.08 / Alieva A.A., Kiseleva T.L., Nazarenko N.A., Nazarenko M.Yu., Karpeev A.A.

76. Collection of "Sedospazmil" for the treatment of chronic colitis: A. p. 2129006 RF, MKI3 6 A 61 K 35/78 // V.G. Kukes, T.L. Kiseleva, A.V. Chauzova and others (RF). - 7 p.: ill.

77. Collection of "Sirotok" for the treatment of chronic colitis: A. p. 2129007 RF, MKI3 6 A 61 K 35/78 // V.G. Kukes, T.L. Kiseleva, A.V. Chauzova and others (RF). - 10 p.: ill.

78. Sedova A.B., Zorina E.V. Medicinal plants in the treatment of sugar diabetes / Ed. G.I. Oleshko: Monograph. - Perm: GOU VPO "PGFA Roszdrav", 2006. - 227 p.

79. Sergeev I.A. Proper nutrition in Tibetan medicine. - M.: Media Medica, 2007 .-- 96 p.

80. Smirnova E.A., Sarkisyan V.A., Glazkova I.V., Elizarova E.V., Kerimova M.G. Organoleptic analysis. Investigation of the influence of the duration of training of testers on the efficiency of their work // Questions of nutrition. - 2014. - Volume 83. - No. 6. - P.86-93.

81. Method for identification of mummy-like substances: A.S. 2042948 RF, MKI G 01 N 33/483, 33/52, A 61 K 35/12, 35/00 / Kukes V.G., Karpeev A.A., Kiseleva T.L. and others (RF). - 12 p.

82. Means from herbal raw materials for prevention and treatment frostbite: Priority from 26.10.2006, reg. No. 2006/37845. Patent for invention No. 2326684 dated 20.06.08 / Alieva A.A., Kiseleva T.L., Nazarenko N.A., Nazarenko M.Yu.

83. Sy H., Luzina L., Sy Ts.: trans. with whale. Bervers E.V., Shchichko V.F. The basics Chinese medicine. - M.: Publishing house "Medicine", 2009. - 660 p.

84. Temeli B. Nutrition according to the system of five elements for mother and child: trans. With German / B. Temeli, B. Trebut. - SPb: Uddiyana, 2010 .-- 256 p.

85. Tovstukha, E.S. Ukrainian folk medicine: 1000 unique author's recipe - Kiev: Vidavnistvo "Ros", 1994. - 350 p.

86. Thompson, D. Ayurvedic nutrition for all areas of your body: trans. from English - M.: Phoenix, 2006 .-- 192 p.

87. Tutelyan, V.A. Safety and efficacy of biologically active substances of plant origin / V.A. Tutelyan, Yu.B. Belousov, K.G. Gurevich. - Novosibirsk: "EKOR-KNIGA", 2007. - 316 p.

88. Tutelyan, V.A. Micronutrients in the diet of a healthy and sick person

- / V.A. Tutelyan, V.B. Spirichev, B.P. Sukhanov, V.A. Kudasheva. - M.: Kolos, 2002.
89. Tutelyan, V.A. Medical nutrition: modern approaches to standardization diet therapy. - M.: Dynasty, 2010. -- 304 p.
90. Tutelyan, V.A. Priorities in the development of specialized food products of the optimized composition for patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus / V.A. Tutelyan, H.H. Sharafetdinov, I.A. Lapik, I.S. Vorobieva, B.P. Sukhanov // Nutritional issues. - 2014. - Volume 83. - No. 6. - P.41-51.
91. U, V. Diet therapy. Foods as medicines in Chinese medicine / V. U, L. U. - SPb.: Logos, 1996. -- 132 p.
92. Uzhegov, G.N. The Golden Book of Traditional Medicine. - M.: Veche, 2001. -- 592 p.
93. Universal encyclopedia of medicinal plants / Comp. AND. Putyrsky, V. Prokhorov. - Minsk: Book House; M.: Makhaon, 2000. -- 656 p.
94. Textbook of Tibetan medicine / Per. from Mongolian and Tibetan A. Pozdneeva. - L.: "Ecopolis and Culture", "Andreev and Sons", Datsan Gunzechoynei, 1991. - 498 p.
95. Federal Service for Surveillance in Healthcare and Social development: Methodological recommendations for expanding the range of domestic officinal medicinal plants (Approved by Order dated 01.10.2009, No. 7742-Pr / 09) / N.V. Yurgel, A.A. Karpeev, T.L. Kiseleva, Yu.F. Smirnova, E.Yu. Barmanova, V.V. Baldin; under total. ed. T.L. Kiseleva. - M.: Publishing house of the Professional Association of Naturotherapists, 2009. - 88 p. - ISBN 978-5-91800-005-2
96. Phytotherapy: Collection of alternative alternative methods of treatment / Comp. T.M. Nikultsev. - M.: Pavlin, 1993. -- 384 p. - 62
97. Chemical composition of food: Handbook / Ed. THEM. Skurikhin. - Book. 2. Reference tables of the content of amino acids, fatty acids, vitamins, macro- and microelements, organic acids and carbohydrates. - M.: VO "Agropromizdat", 1987. - 360 p.
98. Chzhud shi - a monument of medieval Tibetan culture: trans. with tib. / Foreword by D.B. Dashieva, S.M. Nikolaev. - Novosibirsk: Science, Sib. department, 1988. - 349 p.
99. Eskina K.A. The antioxidant effect of silymarin in experimental diabetes // New achievements in the creation of herbal medicines. - Tomsk: Printing Manufactory, 2006. - pp. 374-378.
100. Babu PV, Liu D. Green tea catechins and cardiovascular health: an update // Curr. Med. Chem. - 2008. - Vol. 15. - P. 1840-1850.
101. Belleme J., Belleme J. Japanese foods that heal. - Tokyo; Rutland, Vermont; Singapore: Tuttle Publishing, 2007. -- 224.
102. Bnouham M., Ziyat A., Mekhfi H., Tahri A., Legssyer A. Medicinal plants with potential antidiabetic activity - a review of ten years of herbal medicine research (1990-2000) // Int. J. Diabetes Metab. - 2006. - Vol. 14. - P.1-25.
103. Cai J. Eating Your Way to Health - Dietotherapy in Traditional Chinese Medicine. - Foreign Languages Press Beijing, 1988. -- 141 p.
104. Chinese herbal medicine: Materia Medica / Completed and translated by D.
-

- Bensky, S. Clavey, E. Stoger, A. Gamble. 3-rd edition. - China, 2004 .-- 1312 p.
105. Davis PA, Yokoyama W., Cinnamon intake lowers fasting blood glucose: meta-analysis // *J. Med. Food.* - 2011. - Vol.14. - P.884-889.
106. Duke JA, Ayunsu ES Medicinal plants of China // Algonac (Mich.): Reference publ., 1985. - Vol. 1-2. - 705 p.
107. Eddouks M., Bidi A., El Bouhali B., Hajji L., Zeggwagh NA Antidiabetic plants improving insulin sensitivity // *J. Pharm. Pharmacol.* - 2014 Sep. - Vol. 66. - Issue 9. - P. 1197-1214.
108. Feshani AM, Kouhsari SM, Mohammadi S. Vaccinium arctostaphylos, a common herbal medicine in Iran: molecular and biochemical study of its antidiabetic effects on alloxan-diabetic Wistar rats // *J. Ethnopharmacol.* - 2011 Jan; Vol. 133. - Issue 1. - P.67-74.
109. General Guidelines for Methodologies on Research and Evaluation of Traditional Medicine (WHO / EDM / TRM / 2000.1), 2000.
110. Geng J., Huang W., Ren T., Ma X. Practical Traditional Chinese Medicine and Pharmacology: Herbal Formulas. - Beijing: New World Press, 1991 .-- 259 p.
111. Goldman P. Herbal medicines today and the roots of modern pharmacology // *Ann. Intern. Med.* - 2001. - Vol. 135 (8 Pt. 1). - R.594-600.
112. Higdon JV Tea catechins and polyphenols: Health effects, metabolism, and antioxidant functions / JV Higdon, B. Frei // *Crit. Rev. Food Sci. Nutr.* 2003. - Vol. 43. - P.89-143.
113. Hodgson JM Effects of tea and tea flavonoids on endothelial function and blood pressure: a brief review // *Clin. Exp. Pharmacol. Physiol.* - 2006. - Vol. 33. - P.838-841.
114. Howard ME, White ND Potential Benefits of Cinnamon in Type 2 Diabetes // *American J. of Lifestyle Medicine.* - 2013 January / February. - Vol.7. - Issue 1. - P.23-26.
115. Jimenez Olivares E. Pre-Columbian indigenous pharmacology // *Neurol., neurocirurg. y psiquiat.* - 1978. - Vol.19. - Issue 1. - P.40-52.
116. Lele RD Ayurveda and modern medicine. - Bombay: Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1986 .-- 539 p.
117. Lu T., Sheng H., Wu J., Cheng Y., Zhu J., Chen Y. Cinnamon extract improves fasting glycosylated hemoglobin level in Chinese patients with type 2 diabetes / T. Lu, // *Nutr. Res.* - 2012. - Vol. 32. - P.408-412.
118. Marles RJ, Farnsworth NR Antidiabetic plants and their active constituents. Review Article // *Phytomedicine.* - 1995 October. - Vol. 2. - Issue 2. - P.137-189.
119. Medagama AB The use of complementary and alternative medicines (CAMs) in the treatment of diabetes mellitus: is continued use safe and effective? / AB Medagama, R. Bandara // *Nutr. J.* - 2014. - Vol. 13: 102. - PMID: PMC4210501
120. Meenakshi P., Bhuvaneshwari R., Rathi MA, Thirumoorthi L., Guravaiah DC, Jiji MJ, Gopalakrishnan VK Antidiabetic activity of ethanolic extract of *Zaleya decandra* in alloxan-induced diabetic rats // *Appl. Biochem. Biotechnol.* - 2010 Oct. - Vol.162. - Issue 4. - P.1153-1159.
121. Mohammed A., Ibrahim MA, Islam MS African medicinal plants with antidiabetic potentials: a review // *Planta Med.* - 2014. -Vol. 80. - Issue 05. - P.354-377.

122. Mohammed H., Siddiqui K. State of Unani Medicine in India. - New Delhi: Central Council for Research in Unani Medicine, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, 1996.-- 80 p.

123. Nagao T., Komine Y., Soga S. et al. Ingestion of a tea rich in catechins leads to a reduction in body fat and malondialdehyd-modified LDL in men // Am. J. Clin. Nutr. - 2005. - Vol. 81. - P. 122-129.

124. Patel DK, Kumar R., Laloo D., Hemalatha S. Diabetes mellitus: An overview on its pharmacological aspects and reported medicinal plants having antidiabetic activity / // Asian Pac. J. Trop. Biomed. - 2012 May. - Vol. 2. - Issue 5. - P.411-420.

125. Preetha PP, Devi VG, Rajamohan T. Hypoglycemic and antioxidant potential of coconut water in experimental diabetes // Food Funct. - 2012 Jul. - Vol. 3. - Issue 7. - P.753-757.

126. Rashidi AA, Mirhashemi SM, Taghizadeh M., Sarkhail P. Pak. Iranian medicinal plants for diabetes mellitus: a systematic review / AA Rashidi, // J. Biol. Sci. - 2013 May. - Vol. 16. - Issue 9. - P.401-411.

127. Sasaki-Hamada S., Tamaki K., Otsuka H., Ueno T., Sacai H., Niu Y., Matsumoto K., Oka J. Chotosan, a Kampo formula, ameliorates hippocampal LTD and cognitive deficits in juvenile-onset diabetes rats // J. Pharmacol. Sci. - 2014. - V. 124. - Issue 2. - P.192-200.

128. Summary report of the global survey on national policy on traditional medicine and complementary / alternative medicine and regulation of herbal medicines. - WHO (ISBN 92 4 159323 7), 2005.

129. Warjeet Singh L. Traditional medicinal plants of Manipur as anti-diabetics // J. Med. Plants Res. - 2011. - Vol. 5. - P 677-687.

130. WHO guidelines on safety monitoring and pharmacovigilance of herbal medicines. - WHO (ISBN 92 4 159221 4), 2004.

131. WHO guidelines for assessing quality of herbal medicines with reference to contaminants and residues. - WHO (ISBN 978 92 4 159444 8), 2007.

132. WHO guidelines for good manufacturing practice (GMP) for herbal medicines. - WHO (ISBN 978 92 4 154716 1), 2007.

133. WHO monographs on medicinal plants commonly used in the Newly Independent States (NIS). - WHO (ISBN 978 92 4 159772 2), 2010.-- 441 p.

Author's address

Doctor of Pharmacy, T.L. Kiseleva, Leading Researcher, Laboratory of Food Toxicology and Safety Assessment of Nanotechnologies.

kiselevaTL@yandex.ru

Methodological approaches to the creation of recipes for specialized food products for patients with diabetes mellitus based on the experience of domestic traditional medicine / V.A. Tutelyan, T.L. Kiseleva, A.A. Kochetkova, M.A. Kiseleva // Traditional medicine. - 2015. - No. 3 (42). - P.44-51.

[To favorites](#)