Some aspects of the use of vegetative resonance test
"IMEDIS-TEST" to identify persons who use
narcotic and psychotropic drugs
A.V. Hodak
(Moscow, Russia)

Testing on identifying facts use narcotic (psychotropic) drugs were carried out on the hardware and software complex "IMEDIS-EXPERT" in accordance with the guidelines of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation "Method for identifying persons who use drugs."

During the research, it was revealed that false positive tests for the use of various types of marijuana are possible when patients use medications such as solpadein, paracetamol, etc. To carry out differential diagnostics, the used medication was placed in the human-device circuit, in the passive electrode. If during the testing of the drug there was a decrease in the measuring level, then the primary result of the study was regarded as a false-positive detection of the use of a narcotic substance.

In chronic rhinitis, sinusitis, toxic burden of the nasopharynx, nasal sinuses, a false positive response of the Ephedrine test indicator was revealed. For control, the test-index Noz was checked. Sinusitis comp., When testing which with aggravation of the nasopharynx always revealed the presence of pathology in varying degrees of activity. As a rule, in these cases the test index "Ephedrine Group" on the scale of psychoactive substances was tested positively.

The test pointers "Aminazin", "Diazepam" are periodically positively tested if the patient has a significant psycho-vegetative load at the present time or during the last two years. Moreover, the test indicator "Aminazin" causes a decrease in the measuring level with a heavier psychological stress. The potential of the test pointer spoke about the approximate time of the onset of psychological stress.

Testing of the "Diphenhydramine" index gives a positive result in the presence of allergies in the patient, both in clinical manifestations and in case of a tendency to allergies (erased course).

Thus, in the presence of certain diseases, a positive test result of some test indicators may indicate not the ingestion of a substance into the body, but the need, the significance of this substance for the organism of the investigated person. In this case, you need to carry out additional testing using the filtering method. A substance significant for the body will be tested positively through the indicator test for an effective medication, and the test through the Intox I indicator (recent intoxication) will be negative.

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