

Pathophysiological analysis of the algorithm for diagnosing malignant tumors using the vegetative resonance test "IMEDIS-TEST +"

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Target research - to develop a pathophysiologically grounded algorithm diagnostics malignant tumors using vegetative resonance test "IMEDIS-TEST +".

We analyzed 56 case histories of cancer patients aged 23 to 60 years with confirmed clinical diagnoses of malignant tumors. The use of our proposed diagnostic algorithm showed the presence of diagnoses coincidence in 53 out of 56 cases, which amounted to 94.64%.

To prepare the material for the study, we used smears of blood, saliva, histological sections, dried native and stained. The material used was scanned with a laser probe A.E. Kudaev with a recording through the container of the IMEDIS-BRT-PC apparatus using software (Registration certificate for a medical equipment product No. FS 022a3066 / 0414-04, issued by the Federal Service for Surveillance in Healthcare and Social Development of the RUSSIAN FEDERATION dated July 8, 2004) with the subsequent assessment of samples using the vegetative resonance test "IMEDIS-TEST +" [1, 2].

At the first stage of diagnostics, connective tissue was tested for the presence of D- and L-forms of amino acid polarization. The predominance of D-forms of proteins, as well as a decrease in the difference
- Δ between the absolute content of L- and D-forms below 10 units.

At the second stage, the state of cellular immunity was assessed [6], which in the case of oncology was depleted by 100%.

The third stage of diagnosis included the assessment of mutagenic activity. The 4th, the highest degree of activity, was diagnostically reliable for the diagnosis of a malignant tumor.

The fourth stage included an assessment of the degree of malignancy (aggressiveness) of the tumor process. For the diagnosis, the 3-4th degree of activity was considered significant.

The fifth stage of diagnostics included determination of protein crystallization in all potencies. A positive crystallization test was considered diagnostically significant.

The sixth stage included the assessment of oncogenes. For diagnosis, the most significant was the presence of a protooncogene and anti-oncostatin. At this stage of testing, we used the sum of all indicators at the above diagnostic stages + connective tissue in the right rotation + the tested organ. Later, through the use of known nosodes, the type of tumor was determined.

Conclusion:

1. Using the proposed algorithm for the diagnosis of malignant tumors using the vegetative resonance test "IMEDIS-TEST +" showed a high degree of coincidence of diagnoses of malignant tumors with

clinically confirmed diagnoses in 53 out of 56 cases, which is 94.64%.

2. The proposed algorithm for diagnosing a tumor process can be recommend for the development of a device for express diagnostics of malignant tumors based on the translation of fine physical fields into the visible range or into an electromagnetic signal [3, 4, 5].

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