

Results of studies to identify people who use
narcotic substances from among the military
IN AND. Botieva, T.T. Zhirnova
(military unit 43122 (Military hospital), Mozdok, North Ossetia-Alania, Russia)

The vegetative resonance test (BRT) in the Armed Forces of the Russian Federation is a preliminary diagnostic method for identifying military personnel who use narcotic and toxic substances. AIC (hardware and software complex) "IMEDIS-EXPERT" is used for testing in a military hospital in Mozdok, North Ossetia-Alania.

Purpose of the work: on the basis of the study, to show the value of the HSC (hardware-software complex) "IMEDIS-EXPERT" in the examination of military personnel using narcotic and toxic substances.

Materials and methods: to solve the assigned tasks, 21 (100%) servicemen were examined with suspicion of the fact of using narcotic and toxic substances; 9 of them (42.8%) are conscripts, 12 (57.2%) are under contract. It was revealed: 3 servicemen (14.2%) of conscript service, 2 servicemen (9.5%) under the contract confirmed the fact of using narcotic and toxic substances.

The results obtained are confirmed immunochromatographic by the "Immuno-Chromium" method. We have studied and evaluated the positive results of the study of conscripts and contract servicemen.

Conclusions: the identification of the fact of the use of psychoactive substances is tested by the ART method on the AIC (hardware and software complex) "IMEDIS-EXPERT". This method can be recommended for examining military personnel for the fact of using narcotic and toxic substances, because it is highly specific and informative.

IN AND. Botieva, T.T. Zhirnova Results of research on identifying drug users among military personnel

- M.:" IMEDIS ", 2010, v.1 - pp. 33-34