

Bioenergetic burden, a method of identification and elimination

within the framework of ART and BRT

O.V. Koritsky, Yu.V. Koritskiy (PE
"Medicor-2", Vinnitsa, Ukraine)

When performing ART, according to the examination protocol, first of all, all external burdens that the patient may have are determined. This is geopathogenic, electromagnetic and radiation burden. In fourth place is bioenergetic burden. Although it is not included in the examination protocol, the recommendations refer to it as one of the reasons for failures in the diagnosis by ART and therapy with BRT. One of the indications of bioenergetic burden, according to the guidelines, is testing by ART MKP 15 Epiphysis. But this index can, indeed, characterize disorders in the patient's endocrine system, and not bioenergetic burden. Taking all this into account, we decided to develop a methodology that would allow diagnostics and therapy of this type of external load within the framework of ART and BRT.

In our understanding, bioenergetic burden is a burden of external interference fields induced by special magical or religious rituals (popularly called curses, evil eye, damage). It is possible to suspect the presence of such a burden in a patient who, despite all the efforts of the doctor, stubbornly does not respond to treatment when high degrees of other burdens are tested (radioactive, geopathogenic, electromagnetic), and measures to eliminate them have short-term success in patients with pre-oncology and oncology. Markers in ART are drugs from the group of Systemic Spiritual Adapters: The Source of Our Lady of Kazan from someone else's malice and hatred, Negative Programs 1, 2, 3, Primary Sources.

Testing methodology

The KMX marker is recorded with a light or conventional probe. The KMX marker, when tested by the ART method, causes a decrease in the measuring level at a reproducible point. Through the KMX marker, as through a filter, we test the indicated Systemic Spiritual Adaptants.

If the measurement level is restored during testing, this indicates the presence of bioenergetic burden. We check all SDA, those that restore the measuring level, "reset" to the selected indicators. From the tested and selected SDA, we form a complex protective drug, which we potentiate under the KMX marker. KMX marker + complex drug from the amount of SDA, potentiated from 7 to 0 . This is the first drug, it is recorded in the selected position of the potentiometer, a single dose (number of grains), the number of doses per day and the duration of the course are tested.

The second drug is prepared from the drugs of the Negative Programs and the Primary Sources, and is tested when connected in inversion. KMX marker + sum of Negative programs in inversion, potentiated from 7 to 0 . We write down the sum of the inversions of the "Negative programs" on the found indicator of the potentiometer, we test the number of grains per dose, the number of doses per day, the duration of the course by mental testing.

aspects of bioresonance and multiresonance therapy". - M.: IMEDIS, 2005.

3. Kudaev A.E., Mkhitarian K.N., Khodareva N.K. Multilevel systems diagnostics of the body using resonance chains within the framework of virtual ART // Ibid. - M.: IMEDIS, 2005.

4. Gotovsky Yu.V. Mkhitarian K.N. Chronosemantic diagnostics and mantic point therapy. 2nd ed. rev. and add. - M.: IMEDIS, 2002 - 392 p.

5. Gotovsky Yu.V. Mkhitarian K.N. Lectures on chronosemantics. - M.: IMEDIS, 2004. -- 276 p.

6. Kudaev A.E., Mkhitarian K.N., Khodareva N.K. therapy with targeted energy-information drugs and Systemic Spiritual Adapters. - T.: LLC "Publishing house" Lukomorye ", 2005. - 128 p.

7. Koritskiy OV, Koritskiy Yu.V. Application of targeted autonosodes urine and blood for the treatment of chronic urethroprostatitis // Abstracts and reports of the XII International conference "Theoretical and clinical aspects of bioresonance and multiresonance therapy". - M.: IMEDIS, 2006.

O.V. Koritskiy, Yu.V. Koritskiy Bioenergetic burden, method of determination and elimination within the framework of ART and BRT

"- M.: IMEDIS ", 2009, vol. 2 -

P.226-229