Psoriasis or rubella? N. Dykun, Yu. Dykun (Treatment and Diagnostic Center "Pyramid", Dubno, Ukraine)

Psoriasis can rightfully claim to be the oldest recorded skin disease. The first mentions of it date back to 35 BC.

Scientists still do not know the exact causes of psoriasis. It is believed that this chronic disease with periodic remissions haunts the patient throughout his life.

For more than 12 years, using the IMEDIS equipment in their work, the authors have achieved positive results in the treatment of various diseases, including psoriasis.

However, the last four patient visits have shown some repetition. Thus, the rubella causative agent was tested in two adolescent girls and two adult men using the vegetative resonance test. Two sisters received 3-4 months of therapy. In her older sister Tatyana K., all the rashes disappeared and did not appear for 6 months. In the younger Julia K., the main rashes on the trunk, head and limbs are gone, but small rashes are periodically noted. It should be noted that the sisters are brought up by their grandmother, live on her small pension, get to school 10 kilometers away, sometimes on foot. The stress load was aggravated by the abuse of alcohol by the father of the children, and then by his death. Both were tested for the rubella virus, moreover, it was the leading factor in the occurrence of skin manifestations.

Another patient, Andrey P. from Lviv region. (34 years old), skin rashes accounted for about 70%. He fell ill in June 2008, rashes appeared in the area of acupuncture points VC-17, P6, JG7, TR8, multiple along the classical meridians VB and E. From psoriasis until 01.11.08 was treated in a regional clinic, including ... hormones, he had blood transfusions nine times. No improvement was observed.

At the time of contacting our center, the rubella virus was clearly tested and none of the complexes of the drug selector "IMEDIS-EXPERT" was suitable for the treatment of psoriasis. But the specific rubella drugs, the frequency program worked perfectly. It took five visits, five sessions of bioresonance and frequency therapy, for the skin to be almost completely cleared. In January, the patient fell, broke his tailbone and was admitted to a trauma unit in another area. Thus, he did not appear for a second examination. Surveillance will continue when he leaves the hospital.

Patient Vladimir V. from Kiev (46 years old) had rashes on the elbows and knees more than one year ago. He did not seek medical help, he turned to us on the advice of our patients from Kiev. Even before meeting the patient, we assumed that we would look for the rubella virus. Subsequently, it happened. In the first place, as a key nosode, the rubella virus appeared. The main focus was on rubella treatment and the positive effect was achieved in the first three weeks.

Infection with rubella virus occurs through the mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, infection through the skin is possible. Following this, the virus

penetrates into regional lymph nodes, where it reproduces and accumulates, which is accompanied by the development of lymphadenopathy.

Subsequent viremia with hematogenous dissemination throughout the body occurs during the incubation period. The causative agent, having a tropism for the epithelium of the skin and lymphatic tissue, settles on the epithelium of the skin and in the lymph nodes.

The incubation period is the same for children and adults and lasts 10-25 days. This is followed by a catarrhal period, followed by lymphadenopathy (up to 2-3 weeks).

Then comes the period of exanthema, the appearance of this main syndrome develops in 75-90% of patients already on the first day of illness, while rashes are more often observed in children.

The elements of the rash are round or oval pink or red small spots with smooth edges.

Initially (but not always), elements of the rash appear on the face and neck, behind the ears and on the scalp. Further, during the day, they spread to various parts of the body without a certain pattern.

Particularly typical is the location of the rash on the back, buttocks and on the extensor surfaces of the upper and lower extremities.

In adult patients, the exanthema is more abundant and longer, its elements can merge, forming erythemal fields.

In acquired rubella, arthritis is the most common complication. Psoriasis. also, it can affect not only the skin, but also affect the joints.

Obviously, four cases are clearly not enough for any fundamental conclusions, because as Yuri Valentinovich Gotovsky said: cause of death. "

And yet, if the leading role of the rubella virus in the development of psoriasis is confirmed, then psoriasis itself is no longer a verdict, because with rubella a persistent and lifelong immunity is formed, and it is necessary to treat it.

N. Dykun, Yu. Dykun Psoriasis or rubella? //

"IMEDIS", 2009, v.1 - p. 179-181