

The role of ART diagnostics in the treatment of neurodermatitis

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In recent years, we are increasingly we encounter various more often showing manifestations of allergic reactions. Research shows growth incidence worldwide. This is due to many factors: environmental pollution, unfavorable ecology, allergenic effects of food, etc.

However, for the development of allergic conditions, not only the presence of an allergen is necessary, but also a certain state of the body into which this allergen enters. As you know, in case of violation of the main drainage-detoxification functions, the body connects additional protective mechanisms - pathological drainages through the mucous membranes and skin.

The skin is in close interaction with the entire body. If any organs become ill, then this is reflected in the skin. If the skin is sick, then the whole body suffers, since it performs various functions: a protective shell, a thermoregulator, a sensory organ, a secretory (excretory) organ. Secretory functions are performed by the sebaceous and sweat glands. Through their secretion, the body is freed from toxins.

The most common skin manifestation of allergy is neurodermatitis (atopic dermatitis). The clinical picture is manifested by the characteristic location of foci of skin lesions, their intense itching and development on the skin due to scratching of secondary changes. In the epidermis, the amount of fatty acids and wax is significantly reduced, perspiration decreases, the skin becomes dry, rough, and often flakes.

As you know, the treatment of skin diseases is a rather lengthy process. Therefore, examining patients with neurodermatitis, we tried to find out not what the allergy occurs to, but why it occurs, i.e. tried to find the reason. Often, despite the allergic symptoms, diseases do not contain in their pathogenetic basis a true allergy that develops in the body according to the type of antigen-antibody reaction.

The selected group included children aged 10 years and older (15 people). Everyone has a history of diathesis up to a year. When diagnosed by ART: negative tests for primary allergy. The presence of loads (geopathogenic, radiation, mental, toxic), then infectious and parasitic burdens, hereditary factors were necessarily checked. At positive tests were prescribed appropriate treatment (bioresonance therapy with the preparation of a BR-preparation was used). In the first week, everyone showed an increase in skin manifestations, by the end of the second week - a decrease in skin rashes in 12 people, from the third week - a persistent improvement in 9 children.

During control examinations of the remaining 6 people, the previous disorders were absent, but the symptoms of the disease persisted, and skin manifestations remained. But there was something else that everyone had in common - congenital pathologies on the part of the gallbladder (bend, constrictions) and bile ducts (dyskenesia).

Bile is an active digestive juice needed for digestion

fat. It contains bilirubin, cholesterol, bile acids, calcium, etc. Through the ducts, bile enters the gallbladder, which serves for deposition (provides the function of collecting bile), where it is concentrated and brought to the state necessary for digestion. By contracting, the gallbladder releases its contents through the cystic and common bile ducts into the duodenum. In the presence of constrictions, bends, this process is disrupted. The same happens with dyskinesia of the bile ducts: there is a desynchronous work of the sphincters and ducts, which leads to difficulty in the outflow of bile. As a result, the concentration and qualitative composition of bile change, which, in turn, leads to indigestion. That is why very often, even against the background of a hypoallergenic diet, rashes appear and disappear on the skin.

With the help of exogenous BRT at fixed frequencies, which was carried out once a week, hirudotherapy - 2 times a week (7), acupressure - 4 courses of 10 days in 3 months, it was possible to eliminate all violations, which was confirmed by the results of ultrasound (pear-shaped gallbladder, b / o). The skin was completely cleared.

Conclusion: when diagnosing, it is necessary to pay attention not only to the presence of various nosologies, but also to physiological developmental abnormalities.

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