Diagnosis and treatment of bladder dysfunction Butchenko N.M.

(LLC "Center for Energy Information Medicine", Samara, Russia)

The mother of a 4-year-old girl turned to the Center for Energy-Informational Medicine about the fact that for two weeks the child had a private urge to urinate - every 5-10 minutes. a few drops. This condition appeared after suffering ARVI for the first time.

Long before that, the pediatrician and nephrologist examined the child and diagnosed "ureteral reflux" with a recommendation to take furagin prophylactically with each ARVI.

With the increased urge to urinate after the last ARVI, the girl also took furagin, but there was no result.

At the first visit, during the diagnosis using the ART method, helminthic, fungal, bacterial and viral infections were tested. The current state of the urinary system is associated with bacteria and fungi. Appropriate resonance frequency therapy was prescribed to eradicate the infection. In addition, bioresonance therapy (BRT) was carried out, selected drainage preparations of the company "OHOM" were recorded on sugar crumbs.

The child's general condition improved, but the frequency of urges persisted. At the next appointment a week later, during the diagnosis using the ART method, a connection was established between the state of the bladder and psychovegetative loads and the blockade of the mesenchyma was determined.

BRT was carried out through the index "blockade of + optimal step mesenchyme by unblocking". Picked up and recorded on sugar crumbs homeopathic preparations of the firm "GUNA" and "Bach Flowers", as well as selected induction programs: "Schumann Waves", "Stress Program".

The day after the BRT and the start of taking homeopathic medicines, the frequency of urge to urinate

normalized and was no longer violated (control and observation has been carried out for 4 months). The course of treatment was completed. The child feels well, there are no complaints.

Butchenko N.M. Diagnosis and treatment of bladder dysfunction // ${\sf X}$

" IMEDIS ", 2004, vol. 2 - pp. 108-109