Experience in identifying persons using narcotic and toxic substances from among the military in a military hospital in the city.

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In connection with the decision of the Security Council of the Russian Federation on the issue of "On the drug situation in the Russian Federation and measures to counter illicit drug trafficking and drug abuse from 06.07.1999"; the instructions of the Main Military Medical Directorate of the Ministry of Defense of the Russian Federation to identify persons who use drugs using modern express diagnostic tools on a hardware-software complex using the method of vegetative resonance test (VRT) "IMEDIS-TEST". According to the above, a hardware-software complex was allocated to the military hospital in the city of Mozdok, which allows using the ART methods "IMEDIS-TEST" to determine the fact of use, the type of narcotic substance, the timing and frequency of their intake.

Purpose of the work: based on the study of the indicators of identified narcotic and toxic substances in military personnel, to show the value of APC in screening examination.

## Materials and methods

To solve the assigned tasks, military personnel of urgent and contract service were examined, who were taken to a military hospital in Mozdok with suspicion of the fact of using narcotic and toxic substances. All servicemen men aged 18 to 35 were divided into two groups: the first - conscripts, the second - contract servicemen. The examination was carried out by the ART method on the hardware and software complex of the IMEDIS Center. The obtained positive results, in parallel, were confirmed by the immunochromatographic method - tests

"ImmunoChrome-5 Multi-Express". It was surveyed 27 (100%) conscripts and 24 (100%) contract servicemen. Of the conscripts, 8 them: 10 (37%) (33.3%) of the contract confirmed the fact use narcotic and toxic substances. We have studied and assessed the facts of the use of narcotic and toxic substances by military personnel using the ART method at the agroindustrial complex of the IMEDIS Center, confirmed by the immunochromatographic method-tests "ImmunoChrom-5Multi-express".

Conclusions: the ART method allows you to recommend it for screening examination of servicemen for the fact of the use of narcotic and toxic substances, due to the high percentage of reliability of this method.

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