

International Congress "Traditional Medicine - 2007"
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In accordance with paragraph 20 of the plan of scientific and practical measures for 2007, approved by the order of the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia, RAMS and RAS of December 29, 2006 No. 884/91/268 and order of the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia dated January 31, 2007 No. 79 in Moscow 1-3 In March 2007, the International Congress "Traditional Medicine - 2007" (hereinafter - the Congress) was held.

The Congress was attended by 455 specialists of traditional medicine from 49 constituent entities of the Russian Federation. The guests of the congress were delegations and individual representatives from 12 countries (France, USA, Denmark, Bulgaria, China, North Korea, Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Belarus, Moldova, Tajikistan, Abkhazia). The Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia, Roszdrav, Roszdravnadzor, Rospotrebnadzor, RAMS, the Russian Medical Association, the Health Protection Committee of the State Duma, the International Association of Peace Foundations, the Academy of Security and Law Enforcement of Russia, a number of educational and research medical organizations addressed the congress participants with official greetings. In connection with the 30th anniversary of the opening of the Central Research Institute of Reflexology in Moscow, which was celebrated these days,

2 plenary and 12 sectional sessions were held, at which a total of 242 reports on topical issues of traditional medicine were heard. The greatest interest was aroused by the sessions of the sections "Study of consciousness in traditional medical systems", "Development, standardization and quality control of medicines of natural origin and homeopathic preparations", "Phytotherapy", "Reflexotherapy", "Traditional medical systems of the world". The problems of traditional medicine, included in the list of issues planned for consideration at the congress approved by the order of the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia, were considered as a priority.

It was noted that the place of traditional medicine in the implementation of the priority national project "Health" has not yet been clearly defined, while the therapeutic and diagnostic tools and methods available in its arsenal are widely used at all stages of providing medical care to the population, have proven effectiveness and informational content, relatively inexpensive, practically not burdened with negative side effects and are quite comparable with other resource-saving technologies.

In the resolution of the FNCECTMDL Congress, Roszdrav was instructed to develop and submit to the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia proposals on the use of traditional medicine in the implementation of the priority

national project "Health".

Scientists, health care organizers, specialists in various types of traditional medicine, who spoke at the plenary and breakout sessions, noted that traditional medicine in Russia is developing quite dynamically. The therapeutic and diagnostic capabilities of practical health care are constantly increasing due to the introduction of new medical technologies, methods and means, which are based on the traditions of folk medicine. The recommendations of the World Health Organization on the integration of traditional medicine into the health care system are being successfully implemented.

The population's demand for the means and methods of traditional medicine is constantly growing. The results of a sociological survey conducted by FNCECTMDL of Roszdrav in polyclinics of four megalopolises (Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nizhny Novgorod, Rostov-on-Don) showed that up to 80 percent of patients want them to have the opportunity to contact specialist in traditional medicine.

It was emphasized that a feature of Russian traditional medicine is a pronounced scientific approach to its problems, a large amount of scientific research in this area, an emphasis on studying the mechanisms of action of traditional means and methods of treatment. Over the past 5 years, in educational medical institutions of postgraduate education, the number of departments dealing with scientific problems of traditional medicine has increased from four to seven. The training of doctors in this area is carried out by 25 departments.

The congress participants noted that fundamental and applied research carried out by domestic scientists in the field of reflexology, manual therapy, osteopathy has received worldwide recognition. At the same time, attention was drawn to the fact that the order of the Ministry of Health of Russia No. 337 is still in force, which prescribes the need for their specialization in neurology in the preparation of reflex therapists, which has an extremely negative effect on the influx of young personnel into reflexology.

For some unknown reason, when licensing medical activities in the field of reflexology and manual therapy, they stopped taking into account the explanation of the Ministry of Health of Russia about the admission to licensing of specialists who received specialization before 1997 (i.e. before the introduction of the relevant specialties) without specialization in neurology. A lively discussion unfolded after the report of the prominent osteopathic scientist R. Caporossi (France), who advocated the system of training osteopaths from people without medical education, as is the case in a number of EU countries. Russian osteopaths categorically rejected this proposal, considering osteopathy to be undoubtedly a medical medical activity.

Dynamically develop v country phytotherapy and homeopathy. Organizational and methodological guidance of these areas by the Ministry and its subordinate research institutions made it possible to overcome the spontaneity inherent in them earlier, to organize and conduct a large amount of scientific research, which largely clarified the mechanism of action of phytotherapeutic and homeopathic drugs. Two all-Russian

homeopathic congress.

At the same time, along with the impressive success of naturopathy and homeopathy, there are negative aspects that hinder their development in the country. The main disadvantage was the fact that the status of doctors has not yet been determined, for whom the activity in the field of naturotherapy and homeopathy (as well as for specialists in the field of bioresonance therapy, osteopathy, etc.) is the main one. This issue, in the opinion of many experts, can be solved by the introduction of the medical specialty "traditional medicine".

As a result of purposeful work in the field of development, standardization and quality control of medicines of natural origin and homeopathic preparations, domestic homeopathic medicines to a certain extent succeeded in squeezing foreign-made preparations on the market. Unfortunately, the same cannot be said for phyto-pharmaceuticals. The main difficulties in these issues were the lack of coordination of the forces involved in this process, the unacceptably sluggish work on the creation of the domestic Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia and the imperfect registration system for these funds and preparations. A proposal was made for a wider introduction of sea buckthorn in agriculture as a valuable food and medicinal plant.

Considering the great therapeutic and diagnostic capabilities of electropunctural diagnostics and bioresonance therapy, especially in the diagnosis and treatment of socially significant diseases and drug addiction, it was proposed to expand the training of relevant specialists in the system of postgraduate medical education. A large number of reports and speeches were devoted to the problem of studying human consciousness. Not only medical specialists took an active part in the discussion, but also scientists from related fields of science (biology, psychology, physics, chemistry, radiophysics, etc.). The general opinion of the speakers was that very little attention was paid to this most important scientific and practical problem. Coordination of research in this area is necessary, since many of its solutions are at the intersection of sciences.

A large audience was attracted by a discussion of the state and prospects of using the world's traditional medical systems in practical health care. All speakers noted the undoubted effectiveness of the methods and means of these systems, tested by centuries of experience. At the same time, the need for their adaptation to Russian conditions was emphasized.

The scientific program of the congress was completed in full.

The reports and scientific articles of the congress participants were published in the form of a collection (553 page).

Following the results of the congress, its participants unanimously adopted a resolution.

RESOLUTION
International Congress
"Traditional Medicine - 2007"

On March 1-3, 2007, the International Congress "Traditional Medicine - 2007" (hereinafter referred to as the Congress) was held in Moscow, dedicated to the 30th anniversary of the opening of the Central Research Institute of Reflexology. More than 450 specialists in the field of traditional medicine from 49 constituent entities of the Russian Federation took part in the work of the congress. The congress was attended by delegations and individual representatives of 12 foreign countries.

Your greetings to the participants Congress sent the Ministry Healthcare and Social Development of the Russian Federation, Federal Agency for Healthcare and Social Development, Federal Service for Surveillance in Healthcare and Social Development, Health Protection Committee of the State Duma, Communist Party faction of the State Duma, Russian Medical Association, International Association of Peace Foundations, Academy of Security Problems , defense and law enforcement of the Russian Federation, a number of research and educational medical institutions.

At two plenary and twelve sectional sessions, more than 240 reports on the most pressing and urgent problems of traditional medicine were heard. After hearing and discussing the reports and messages, the congress participants noted that traditional medicine is developing in the country quite dynamically and systematically. The WHO recommendations on the integration of traditional medicine into the health care system are being successfully implemented. A large amount of scientific research is carried out on the problems of traditional medicine. New traditional means and methods of diagnostics and treatment are constantly being introduced into practical health care. Systems of postgraduate training of specialists and licensing of traditional medical activities have been created and are functioning.

The congress participants highly appreciate the activities of the federal healthcare authorities in the development of traditional medicine in the country, as well as the great organizational, methodological and coordinating role in this process of the Central Research Institute of Reflexology and its successors (NII TML MH RF, NPTsTMG MH RF, FNKECTMDL Roszdrav) ...

At the same time, the congress participants state that there are significant shortcomings in the development of Russian traditional medicine. Until now, the health care system has not defined the status of doctors who carry out activities in the areas of traditional medicine officially recognized and approved for medical use: homeopathy, herbal medicine, hirudotherapy, bioresonance therapy, osteopathy, traditional diagnostic methods. We are talking about several tens of thousands of doctors who are forced because of this to leave the state healthcare system for the private one. For some unknown reason, the specialists of traditional medicine, possessing a number of effective resource-saving technologies, found themselves outside the implementation of the priority national project "Health".

allowing to train doctors of this specialty only from among doctors-neurologists. The activities of various authorities and institutions for the development of the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia are not coordinated, the system for the development and registration of homeopathic medicines needs to be improved. In general, the negative impact on the development of traditional medicine had the exclusion from the VAK List of periodicals on traditional medicine, and especially the journal "Traditional Medicine".

Congress decides:

1. Express satisfaction with the dynamism and pace of development traditional medicine in the country and measures taken by federal health authorities to integrate it into the health care system of the Russian Federation.

2. Recognize the organizational and methodological and coordinating activities in this direction of the Central Research Institute of Reflexology and its successors (Research Institute of TML, Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation, SPC TMG of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation, FNCECTMDL of Roszdrav).

3. In order to resolve the issue of the status of a detachment of thousands of specialists traditional medicine, carrying out their activities in the field of homeopathy, herbal medicine, hirudotherapy, osteopathy, bioresonance therapy and other methods of traditional medicine, permitted in accordance with the established procedure, contact the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia with a request to consider the introduction of the medical and scientific specialty "traditional medicine". In case of a positive solution to the issue, instruct the FNCECTMDL of Roszdrav, in cooperation with other interested research and educational medical institutions, to prepare and submit to the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia a justification, specialty passport and other necessary documents.

4. Instruct FNCECTMDL of Roszdrav as the head scientific a research institution of the health care system on the problems of traditional medicine, taking into account the exchange of views and proposals that took place at this congress, as soon as possible to develop and submit to the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia substantiated proposals for the inclusion of traditional medicine specialists in the implementation of the priority national project "Health".

5. Apply to the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia with a request for revision Order of the Ministry of Health of Russia dated August 27, 1999, No. 337 in the part that permits the training of reflexotherapists exclusively from among neurologists, which will give a new impetus to the development of reflexotherapy in the country.

6. Apply to the Ministry of Health and Social Development of Russia with a request to consider the issue on the resumption of the activities of the Coordinating Council for Homeopathy under the Ministry.

7. Apply to Roszdravnadzor with a request to strengthen coordination activities of all interested organizations to create regulatory documents in the field of homeopathic pharmacy, as well as to create

Russian Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia.

8. Suggest FNCECTMDL of Roszdrav to initiate the creation of All-Russian Association of Traditional Medicine Specialists.

Adopted unanimously.

Moscow, March 3, 2007.

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